



# INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

<b>Class: IX</b>	<b>Department: Social Science</b>	<b>Sub: Economics</b>
<b>Chapter-1</b> <b>Worksheet:1</b>	<b>Topic: The Story of Village Palampur</b>	<b>Year: 2022-2023</b>

1	<b>Which of the following is a standard unit of measurement of land?</b>  (a) Bigha (b) <b>Hectare</b> (c) Acre (d) Guintha
2	<b>High yield variety of seeds (HYV) was introduced in India as a result of _____.</b>  (a) White Revolution (b) <b>Green Revolution</b> (c) Project operation Flood (d) None of the above
3	<b>Who is a person who puts together land, labour and capital?</b>  (a) Moneylender (b) <b>Entrepreneur</b> (c) Zamindar (d) Manager
4	<b>How many families live in the village Palampur?</b>  (a) 150 (b) 250 (c) 350 (d) <b>450</b>
5	<b>Which one among the following is a non-farm activity in the village Palampur?</b>  (a) Multiple cropping (b) Crop rotation (c) <b>Small scale manufacturing</b> (d) Modern farming
6	<b>Where do most of the small farmers borrow money to arrange their capital in Palampur?</b>  (a) Banks (b) Co-operative Societies (c) <b>Village money lenders</b> (d) Friends and relatives
7	<b>Money in hand is an example of _____.</b>

	(a) fixed capital (b) Variable capital <b>(c) Working capital</b> (d) Human capital
8	<b>The use of higher yields with combination of HYV (High Yield Varieties) seeds, irrigation, chemical fertilizers and pesticides, etc. are refers to _____.</b>  (a) Multiple cropping (b) Yield (c) Traditional farming <b>(d) Modern farming</b>
9	<b>Which of the following is fixed capital?</b>  <b>(a) Tools and machines</b> (b) Fertilizers and pesticides (c) Soil (d) Seeds
10	<b>Which of the following statements is not true about small-scale manufacturing in villages?</b>  (a) Farmers engage in it to supplement their income (b) Farmers take help of their family members (c) The production is done mostly at home <b>(d) Farmers produce articles for their own use</b>
11	<b>Which of the following crops is grown in Palampur during Kharif?</b>  (a) Rice (b) Wheat <b>(c) Jowar</b> (d) Sugarcane
12	<b>Which one is a natural resource?</b>  (a) Labour (b) Tractor <b>(c) Mineral</b> (d) None of the above
13	<b>Which one of the following terms is used for measuring the crop produced on a given piece of land during a single year?</b>  <b>(a) Yield</b> (b) Productivity (c) Cultivation (d) Output
<b>ASSERTION AND REASONING: -</b> In the question given below, there are two statements marked as <b>Assertion (A)</b> and <b>Reason (R)</b> . Read the statements and choose the correct option:	
14	<b>ASSERTION(A):</b> Farmers in Punjab, Haryana and western Uttar Pradesh were the first to try out the modern farming in India. <b>REASON(R):</b> Farmers of these states were easily trained to use modern farming methods.

	<p>Options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.</li><li>(b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.</li><li><b>(c) A is true but R is false.</b></li><li>(d) A is false but R is true.</li></ul>
15	<p><b>ASSERTION(A):</b> Palampur has fairly a well-developed system of electricity.</p> <p><b>REASON(R):</b> Most of the houses have electricity connections, tube wells in the fields and also have small business run through electricity.</p> <p>Options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.</b></li><li>(b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.</li><li>(c) A is true but R is false.</li><li>(d) A is false but R is true.</li></ul>